Q.1 This matter (admits) no excuse.

A). admits for

B). No improvement

C). admits of

D). admits to

ANSWER: - admits of

EXPLANTION: -admit of (Phr.V.): to show that something is possible as a solution, an explanation, etc. admits (V.): to accept truth admit to (Phr. V.): to confess something to someone Here, admits of is the right usage.

Q.2 A man's life is divided (to) four stages.

A). into

B). as

C). of

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - into

EXPLANTION: -It is Preposition related error. into will replace to

Q.3 As Rees was (going to town in the High Street a savage dog attacked him and bit him).

A). going to town a savage dog attacked him and bit him in the High Street

B). in the High Street a savage dog attacked him and bit him in the town

C). going to town in the High Street a savage dog bit him and attacked him

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - going to town a savage dog attacked him and bit him in the High Street EXPLANTION: -going to town a savage dog attacked him and bit him in the High Street is the right sentence

Q.4 It was raining so heavily yesterday that (I could not move out for my usual walk).

A). I could not go out for my usual walk

B). I could not go to my usual walk

C). I could not move for my usual walk

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - I could not go out for my usual walk

EXPLANTION: -Here, I could not go out for my usual walk is the right usage.

Q.5 You cannot pass (as long as) you study.

A). provided

B). unless

C). less

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - unless

EXPLANTION: -unless (Conj.): used for saying that something can only happen or be true in a particular situation 1.... You cannot pass unless you study. as long as (Idioms): only if 2.. You cannot pass as long as you do not study. provided (Conj.): used for saying that must happen or be done to make it possible for something else to happen; if I You can pass provided you study. Here, unless is the right usage.

Q.6 Then with all his loot he sailed (inwards) Scotland's shore.

A). onwards

B). towards

C). forward

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - towards

EXPLANTION: -towards (Prep.): in the direction of somebody/ something Here, towards is the right usage.

Q.7 (Any of these) two books is good.

A). Any of this

B). Either of these

C). Any other of this .

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - Either of these

EXPLANTION: -Here, Either of these is the right usage.

Q.8 He has achieved nothing (out of his way) worth mentioning.

A). out of the way

B). by the way

C). in a big way

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - in a big way

EXPLANTION: -Here, in a big way is the right usage.

Q.9 (If the room had been brighter), I would have been able to read for a while before going to bed.

A). If the room was brighter

B). If the room are brighter

C). Had the room been brighter

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - Had the room been brighter EXPLANTION: -Had the room been brighter, Shweta would have been able to read for a while before bedtime is the right sentence.

Q.10 If he would (have tried) he would have succeeded.

A). had tried

B). is tried

C). was tried

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - had tried

EXPLANTION: -If he had tried, he would have succeeded is the right usage. 1.. If I work hard, I will pass. 2.. If I worked hard, I would pass. 3.. If I had worked hard, I would have passed.

Q.11 Heartfelt prayers to God will always (have expected results).

A). have amazing results

B). No improvement

C). have good results

D). have desired results

ANSWER: - have desired results

EXPLANTION: -desired result: having a wishful result Hence, have desired results is the right usage.

Q.12 The train is running (late) time.

A). after

B). behind

C). off

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - behind

EXPLANTION: -ahead of / behind time: earlier/later than was expected Hence, as the sense suggests, behind is the right usage.
Q.13 The toddler has a habit of (throwing

tantrums).

A). expressing emotions

B). expressing frustrations

C). expressing happiness

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement throwing tantrums (Id.): putting on an active display of childish temper; to become very angry and unreasonable expressing emotions: expressing feelings (happiness, anger, frustration, etc.)

frustration, etc.)

Q.14 The greatest fear (which is scaring of the world) today is global warming.

A). which had scared of the world

B). that scared off the world

C). that scares the world

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - that scares the world EXPLANTION: -Here, that scares the world is the right usage.

Q.15 She could not help (but laugh).

A). but laughing

B). laughter

C). No Improvement

D). laughing

ANSWER: - No Improvement EXPLANTION: -No Improvement Q.16 Although the goal-keeper was responsible for the defeat in the important football match, (nobody blamed him).

A). still nobody blamed him

B). nevertheless nobody blamed him

C). yet nobody blamed him

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement

Q.17 She said that she was glad (to be here) that evening.

A). to ome here

B). to be there

C). to have been here

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - to be there

EXPLANTION: -Hence, to be there is the

right usage.

Q.18 The children found the story (funny).

A). humorous

B). bad

C). ridiculous

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement funny:

making you laugh

Q.19 Please tell the story (in a nutshell).

A). in nutshell

B). in the nutshell

C). in nutshells

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement In a

nutshell: in a very clear way

Q.20 Will you (let me borrow some money) in this hour of need?

A). lend me some rupees

B). let me bo rrow a few rupees

C). lend me some money

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - lend me some money

EXPLANTION: -Here, lend me some money is the right usage as the sentence implies that the person needs money. In such cases, lend

(V.) is used.

Q.21 I was (struck by his singular appearance).

A). struck by his single appearance

B). struck by how he singularly appears

C). No Improvement

D). had stricken his single appearance

ANSWER: - No Improvement

EXPLANTION: -No Improvement

Q.22 What she said is (not correct) at all.

A). incorrect

B). not incorrect

C). correct

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement

Q.23 I could not help (to laugh) at the joke.

A). laughing

B). laugh

C). to laughing

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - laughing

EXPLANTION: -help (V.) is usually followed by a Gerund and not an Inf. Hence, laughing is the right usage.

Q.24 The practice of (starving the children) in order to cure diarrhoea also aggravates the situation.

A). starving child

B). No improvement

C). starve children

D). starving children

ANSWER: - No improvement

EXPLANTION: -No improvement In indirect speech, here is changed into there.

Q.25 I shall not go (until) I am invited.

A). till

B). whether

C). unless

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - unless

EXPLANTION: -unless (Conj.): used to talk about a situation that could happen, or something that could be true, in the future. until/till (Conj., Prep.): up to the point in time/the event mentioned The sentence means — If I am not invited, I shall not go. Here, unless is the right usage.

Q.26 He lives (far from the station).

A). No improvement

B). away from the station

C). a long way from the station

D). off the station

ANSWER: - a long way from the station EXPLANTION: -Here, a long way from the station is the right usage.

Q.27 He met (European lady at the conference who works for an NGO).

A). European lady who works for an NGO at the conference

B). No improvement

C). a European lady who works for an NGO, at the conference

D). an European lady at the conference who works for an NGO

ANSWER: - a European lady who works for an NGO, at the conference

EXPLANTION: -A European Consonant sound. More over, antecedent of who is lady. a European lady who works for an NGO, at the conference is the right usage.

Q.28 The train (rolls) along the track.

A). rumbles

B). rattles

C). ripples

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - rumbles

EXPLANTION: -rumbles (V.) to move slowly and heavily rattles (V.): to make a series of short loud sounds as it moves somewhere ripples (V.): to move or to make something

move in very small waves Hence, rumbles is the right usage here.

Q.29 (No sooner had he reaching the station than the train began to move).

A). No sooner had he reach the station than the train begins to move.

B). No sooner did he reaching the station than the train began to move.

C). No sooner had he reached the station than the train began to move.

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No sooner had he reached the station than the train began to move.

EXPLANTION: -The structure is: No sooner did he reach No sooner had he reached.... In this case, no sooner is used to talk about something that happens immediately after something else. Hence, Past Per. Tense – had reached is the right usage.

Q.30 The children found the story (funny).

A). humorous

B). bad

C). ridiculous

D). No improvement

ANSWER: - No improvement EXPLANTION: -No improvement funny: making you laugh.





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